Occupation	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	2,940	390		190	200	2,520	970	-	130	350	760	260	50	-
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	300	20			20	280	270	-				-		-
Nursing assistants	140					140		-			140	-		
Retail salespersons	120					120	120	-				-		
Registered nurses	100					100		-			100	-		
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	100	20				80	60	-		20		-		
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	100					100			50	40		-		
Construction managers	90											-		
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	80					80				20	30	20		
Stock clerks and order fillers	80					80	80	-				-		
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	80					80	80	-				-		
Light truck drivers	60					60	50	-				-		
Personal care aides	50					50		-			50	-		
Maintenance and repair workers, general	50	20			20	30		-				-		
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	50					50	50	-				-		
Food preparation workers	50					50	30					20		
Cooks, restaurant	50					50		-				50		
Home health aides	40					40		-			40	-		
Construction laborers	40	30		30				-				-		
Waiters and waitresses	40					40		-				40		
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	40					40		-		30		-		
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	40					40					40	-		
Security guards	30					30				30		-		
Sheet metal workers	30	30			20	-		-				-		
Cashiers	30					30	20	-				-		
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	30					30		-				20		
Psychiatric aides	20					20		-			20	-		

2 Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees. 2 Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonnetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordiscipaging outputs in the Companies to estimate the original provided by the Mine Safety and Health Administration made to its recordiscipaging output in the Companies to estimate or other industries. <sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Rairoad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore

estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2021

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.